Nerve Excitability and Structural Changes in Myelinated Axons from Diabetic Mice

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EXPERIMENTAL AND CLINICAL ENDOCRINOLOGY & DIABETES

Volumen: 123 Número: 8

Páginas: 485-491

DOI: 10.1055/s-0035-1559606 **Fecha de publicación:** SEP 2015

Ver información de revista

Resumen

Objective: The mechanisms associated with nerve dysfunction and axonal loss in diabetes has not been fully clarified. Excitability and pathological aspects in nerves from diabetic mice were studied in order to explore the pathophysiology of diabetic neuropathy.

Methods: Myelinated nerve fibres from the sciatic nerve of BKS.Cg-m(+/+)Lepr(db)/J mice were studied by registering the CMAP controlled by an automated threshold tracking method. The sciatic nerve was also studied pathologically.

Results: Diabetic mice displayed longer latencies, higher thresholds and lower amplitudes compared to controls and had a rightward shift in the stimulus response curves. Strength-duration time constant was lower in diabetic mice but not reaching statistical significance (p=0.09). Diabetics displayed an increase in accommodation, with a smaller change in excitability in threshold electrotonus. Refractoriness, mean superexcitability and late subexcitability were reduced in diabetic mice. Diabetic mice had a larger number of myelinated fibres compared to controls (p<0.05), but larger than 9m were virtually absent, accounting for near 7% in control animals.

Conclusions: Db/db mice develop electrophysiological changes suggestive of membrane depolarization as the result of Na+/K+ pump impairment. Loss of large myelinated fibres might also contribute to the nerve excitability profiles in this model.

Palabras clave

Palabras clave de autor:db/db diabetic mice; nerve excitability; Na/K pump; myelinated fibers

KeyWords Plus:HUMAN MOTOR

AXONS; NEUROPATHY; DYSFUNCTION; ABNORMALITIES; CONDUCTION

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Categorías / Clasificación

Áreas de investigación: Endocrinology & Metabolism

Categorías de Web of Science: Endocrinology & Metabolism

Información del documento

Tipo de documento: Article

Idioma:English

Número de acceso: WOS:000361828600009

ID de PubMed: 26285066

ISSN: 0947-7349 eISSN: 1439-3646

Información de la revista

Impact Factor: Journal Citation Reports®

Otra información

Número IDS: CS1MB

Referencias citadas en la Colección principal de Web of Science: 23

Veces citado en la Colección principal de Web of Science: 0