Involvement of specific laminins and nidogens in the active remodeling of the basal lamina of labial salivary glands from patients with Sögren's syndrome

Kwon, Yoon Jeoung

Pérez, Paola

Aguilera, Sergio

Molina, Claudio

Leyton, Lisette

Alliende, Cecilia

Leyton, Cecilia

Brito, Mónica

Romo, Rafael

González, María Julieta

Objective. To investigate remodeling of the basal lamina of labial salivary glands (LSGs) from patients with Sjögren's syndrome (SS) by analyzing the expression of specific components that participate in its assembly and attachment to acinar and ductal cells. Methods. Two groups of SS patients with similar levels of remnant glandular tissue but with low and high levels of interacinar fibrosis, respectively, were studied. The expression of laminin ?1, ?4, and ?2 chains and nidogens was examined at the messenger RNA (mRNA) and protein levels. Nidogens 1 and 2 were also studied in situ by immunohistochemistry. Results. Increases in the amount of mRNA and protein for both the processed and unprocessed laminin ?2-chain were more pronounced in patients with low interacinar fibrosis, but not in those with high interacinar fibrosis. Nidogen mRNA and protein levels were similar i