

Copper neurotoxicity in rat substantia Nigra and striatum is dependent on DT-diaphorase inhibition

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The dependence of copper neurotoxicity on DT-diaphorase inhibition was suggested from results obtained from a cell line derived from substantia nigra. Therefore, the aim of this study was to evaluate whether CuSO₄ neurotoxicity in vivo, which was evaluated by determining the contralateral rotation and loss of tyrosine hydroxylase immunostaining, was dependent on DT-diaphorase inhibition by dicoumarol. Animals unilaterally and intranigrally injected with 0.25 nmol of CuSO₄ and 2 nmol of dicoumarol presented a significant and characteristic contralateral rotational behavior ($P < 0.01$) when they were systemically stimulated with apomorphine (0.5 mg/kg s.c.), similar to that observed in rats injected unilaterally with 6-hydroxydopamine as a positive control. The behavioral effects correlated with the loss of tyrosine hydroxylase-positive staining, since animals unilaterally and intranigrally injected with 0.25 nmol of CuSO₄ together with 2 nmol of dicoumarol exhibited extensive loss of tyr