



Preface

Cite this article: Tlidi M, Clerc MG, Panajotov K. 2018 Dissipative structures in matter out of equilibrium: from chemistry, photonics and biology, the legacy of Ilya Prigogine (part 2). *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**: 20180276.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2018.0276>

Accepted: 18 September 2018

One contribution of 12 to a theme issue
'Dissipative structures in matter out of
equilibrium: from chemistry, photonics and
biology (part 2)'.

Subject Areas:
optics

Author for correspondence:

M. Tlidi
e-mail: mtlidi@ulb.ac.be

Dissipative structures in matter out of equilibrium: from chemistry, photonics and biology, the legacy of Ilya Prigogine (part 2)

M. Tlidi¹, M. G. Clerc² and K. Panajotov^{3,4}

¹Département de Physique, Faculté des Sciences, Université Libre de Bruxelles (U.L.B.), CP. 231, Campus Plaine, 1050 Bruxelles, Belgium

²Departamento de Física, Facultad de Ciencias Físicas y Matemáticas, Universidad de Chile, Casilla 487-3, Santiago, Chile

³Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussels Photonics (B-PHOT), Department of Applied Physics and Photonics, Pleinlaan 2, 1050 Brussels, Belgium

⁴Institute of Solid State Physics, 72 Tzarigradsko Chaussee Boulevard, 1784 Sofia, Bulgaria

The first volume of the theme issue concentrated on the theory of dissipative structures. In this volume, we focus on its applications in various fields of nonlinear science. The contributions concern:

(i) Photonics and optical systems: recent major developments in the application of Lugiato–Lefever model of driven nonlinear resonators that support temporal dissipative structures. The link between these structures and the Kerr frequency comb generation in microresonators is presented in the first contribution [1]. Optical pattern formation usually involves the combination of diffraction and nonlinearity in a Kerr medium. The second contribution [2] describes another mechanism by which light spontaneously induces dissipative structures in nematic states of dye-doped liquid crystal. The mechanism involves the photoisomerization process of the dopants.

(ii) Spiral structures in excitable media and population dynamics: In [3], Vladimir Zykov reviews the formation of spiral waves in excitable media. Spirals and arcs like vegetation patterns are observed and analysed in arid-ecosystems. Interpretation of these observations and the predictions provided by the theory is illustrated by recent measurements of peculiar plant morphology

(the alfa plant, or *Stipa tenacissima* L.) originated from northwestern Africa and the southern part of the Iberian Peninsula. It should be noted that the spirals reported in this contribution are not waves, they do not rotate, and they are obtained in strictly homogeneous environmental conditions [4]. When conditions are not isotropic, homoclinic stripes of any length can be stabilized [5]. Population dynamics of swarm soldier crabs are analysed by applying the Bayesian and inverse Bayesian inference in [6]. These modern methods allow to reveal decision making in social animals as a bifurcation process.

(iii) Chemomechanical stability, localized structures, influence of fluctuations and noise: The possible occurrence of chemomechanical oscillations in adsorptive porous media whose porosity varies nonlinearly with surface coverage is investigated in [7]. The next paper explores different mechanisms leading to the formation of spatially dissipative localized structures in the one-dimensional reaction–diffusion models [8]. Numerical continuation techniques and weakly nonlinear theory are used to analyse in depth their global behaviour [8]. Bifurcation analysis of the localized spot and a self-replication instability leading to bound states of localized spots are analysed by using two-dimensional continuation techniques in [9].

(iv) Fluctuations out of equilibrium: a generalized version of the Callen–Welton fluctuation–dissipation formula is provided with the application to an electrical oscillation circuit in [10]. When fluctuations are considered, the description of macroscopic systems is inherently probabilistic. In this case, the evolution of the probability of being in a definite state and the mean life of the different states in which the system can reside are evaluated using an approach based on path integrals in [11].

Acknowledgements. We thank all authors for their valuable contributions to the two volumes of this theme issue (19 countries from five continents). The guest editors of this volume are extremely grateful to Bailey Fallon, the journal’s Commissioning Editor of *Philosophical Transactions A of the Royal Society* for all the support and help during the process leading to the publication of the theme issue. We acknowledge the support of the University of Chile, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Valparaíso, Wallonie–Bruxelles International, the Fonds National de la Recherche Scientifique (Belgium), and the International Solvay Institutes, Brussels.

References

1. Lugiato LA, Prati F, Gorodetsky ML, Kippenberg TJ. 2018 From the Lugiato–Lefever equation to microresonator-based soliton Kerr frequency combs. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20180113. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2018.0113](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2018.0113))
2. Andrade-Silva I, Bortolozzo U, Castillo-Pinto C, Clerc MG, González-Cortés G, Residori S, Wilson M. 2018 Dissipative structures induced by photoisomerization in a dye-doped nematic liquid crystal layer. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20170382. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2017.0382](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2017.0382))
3. Zykov VS. 2018 Spiral wave initiation in excitable media. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20170379. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2017.0379](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2017.0379))
4. Tlidi M, Clerc MG, Escaff D, Couteron P, Messaoudi M, Khaffou M, Makhoute A. 2018 Observation and modelling of vegetation spirals and arcs in isotropic environmental conditions: dissipative structures in arid landscapes. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20180026. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2018.0026](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2018.0026))
5. Kolokolnikov T, Ward M, Tzou J, Wei J. 2018 Stabilizing a homoclinic stripe. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20180110. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2018.0110](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2018.0110))
6. Gunji Y-P, Murakami H, Tomaru T, Basios V. 2018 Inverse Bayesian inference in swarming behaviour of soldier crabs. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20170370. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2017.0370](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2017.0370))
7. Bullara D, De Decker Y, Epstein IR. 2018 On the possibility of spontaneous chemomechanical oscillations in adsorptive porous media. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20170374. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2017.0374](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2017.0374))
8. Gandhi P, Zelnik YR, Knobloch E. 2018 Spatially localized structures in the Gray–Scott model. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20170375. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2017.0375](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2017.0375))
9. Kostet B, Tlidi M, Tabbert F, Frohoff-Hülsmann T, Gurevich SV, Averlant E, Rojas R, Sonnino G, Panajotov K. 2018 Stationary localized structures and the effect of the delayed feedback in the Brusselator model. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20170385. ([doi:10.1098/rsta.2017.0385](https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2017.0385))

10. Belyi VV. 2018 Fluctuations out of equilibrium. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20170383. (doi:10.1098/rsta.2017.0383)
11. Mora F, Coullet P, Rica S, Tirapegui E. 2018 Numerical path integral calculation of the probability function and exit time: an application to non-gradient drift forces. *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* **376**, 20180027. (doi:10.1098/rsta.2018.0027)