

Mo-doped CeO₂ Synthesized by the Combustion Method for Carbon-Air Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (CA-SOFC) Applications

Díaz-Aburto, I.

Gracia, F.

Colet-Lagrille, M.

Molybdenum(Mo)-doped ceria (CMO) nanoparticles were synthesized by the combustion method with three different Mo compositions: 5 wt.%, 7 wt.%, and 10 wt.%. The catalytic activity of CMO for wet gasification of carbon was studied in a fluidized bed reactor, while the mechanical and electrical properties of this material were characterized using dense sintered CMO pellets. The Young's modulus was found to increase with the Mo content; the higher value measured was 289.4 GPa for CMO with 10 wt.% Mo. Measurements of Vickers microhardness demonstrated that an increase in the Mo content produces a decrease in the microhardness of the material, suggesting that Mo confers semi-metallic characteristics to CMO. The higher fracture toughness value, determined by the Niihara equation, was 4.39 MPa m^{0.5} for CMO with 10 wt.% Mo. In addition, an increase in the molybdenum content produced an increase in the electrical conductivity under air and H₂ atmospheres. The maximum electrical conductivities under air and H₂ were found for CMO with 10 wt.% Mo at 800 °C: 1.87×10^{-3} S cm⁻¹ and 9.37×10^{-1} S cm⁻¹, correspondingly. Finally, CMO with 10 wt.% Mo exhibited good catalytic activity for carbon gasification, which renders it a promising material for a combined fluidized bed-SOFC system.