

Electrochemical study, on mercury, of a Meta-nitroarylamine derivative of nor-?-lapachone, an antitumor and trypanocidal compound

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The electrochemistry of 2,2-dimethyl-(3H)-3-(N-3'-nitrophenylamino) naphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione ([Q]-PhNO₂), on mercury was investigated. The first peak is consistent with a quasi-reversible one-electron reduction of the ortho-quinone, forming [Q⁻]-PhNO₂, while the second one, bielectronic, corresponds to the simultaneous reduction of the latter radical to a dianion and the nitro group to a nitro radical anion. The second order rate constant, k_{disp} , for the decay of [Q⁻]-PhNO₂ is $15.188 \times 10^3 \pm 827 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ L s}^{-1}$ and the $t_{1/2}$ equals 0.06 s. E_{1/2} values for [Q]-PhNO₂ and its precursor, nor-?-lapachone, are similar. The ease of semiquinone generation and its stability are parameters statistically relevant in the correlation biochemical/theoretical aspects.