

Transition metal containing dendrimers based on cyclophosphazene units

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The series of complexes $[N_3P_3(OC_6H_5)_5 OC_6H_4CH_2CN \cdot MCl_n] PF_6$, $N_3P_3(OC_6H_4CH_2CN)_6 \cdot (MCl_n)_6 (PF_6)_6$, $[N_3P_3(OC_6H_5)_5 OC_6H_4CH_2CN \cdot MCl_{n-1}] Cl$ and $[N_3P_3(OC_6H_4CH_2CN)_6 \cdot (MCl_{n-1})_6] Cl_6$, $MCl_n = MnCl_2, FeCl_3, CoCl_2, NiCl_2, CuCl_2$ have been synthesized by reaction of the corresponding cyclophosphazene ligands: $N_3P_3(OC_6H_5)_5 OC_6H_4CH_2CN$ (L1) and $N_3P_3(OC_6H_4CH_2CN)_6$ (L-2) with the respective salts MCl_n , in CH_3OH as solvent and in presence or absence of NH_4PF_6 . The new compounds were characterized by elemental analysis and IR, UV-Vis and EPR spectroscopy as well as electrochemical methods. The reaction of $CuCl_2$ with the ligand L1 affords the copper (I) complex. $[N_3P_3(OC_6H_5)_5 OC_6H_4CH_2CN \cdot Cu] PF_6$ instead the expected Cu(II) complex, which was characterized by multinuclear NMR. For comparison, the complex $[N_3P_3(OC_6H_5)_5 OC_6H_4CH_2CN \cdot ZnCl] PF_6$ was also prepared. The hexametalladendrimers of iron exhibits a six-electron reduction while that the correspondent monometalladendrimers exhibit a single one-electron reduction. U